

public. All meetings are open to the public and there is no charge for attendance

benefit of our membership and the general

various programs of an educational nature are held for the

may wish to collect.

The Indianapolis Coin Club they presently own or to become a member of the



# Indianapolis Coin Club

A.N.A. C-131170 - C.S.N.S L-600 - I.S.N.A. LM 243 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 30103, Indianapolis, IN 46230 Fax: 257-2220 SEPTEMBER 2001

## ANA TO CELEBRATE 200,000th MEMBER WITH PRIZE DRAWING

The American Numismatic third prize is a \$100 gift certhis Fall, and is conducting catalog. a new-member contest to "In October 1891, the ANA" celebrate the occasion.

ANA, and every individual or says. "Since those founding club who sponsor a new ANA days, more than a century member between Septem- ago, the ANA-America's ber 17, 2001, and January coin club—has enlightened, 31, 2002, automatically will entertained and informed be entered in the drawing," tens of thousands of collecsays ANA Membership Di- tors around the world. rector Rudy Bahr.

Seminar 2002 in Colorado ence of numismatics."

Association (ANA) will wel-tificate from the ANA come its 200,000th member MoneyMarket hobby supply

started with five people "Everyone who joins the meeting in Chicago," Bahr

"Every day is a good time The first-prize winner and to join or sponsor a memhis or her guest will receive bership in the ANA," Bahr a choice of four nights at the adds. "This contest to name New York Marriott Marquis our 200,000th member Hotel, site of the ANA makes it an opportune time World's Fair of Money® next to be part of the organizasummer, or a one-week tion that does the most to scholarship for Summer promote the hobby and sci-

Springs, Colorado. Second All members receive the prize is a 2000 one-ounce Association's award-wingold American Eagle, and ning, monthly journal, The

Numismatist, access to more than 40,000 books, videos and slide sets in the ANA Library, and many other member benefits. New members also receive the ANA learn-at-home video "Grading Mint State Coins" produced by ANA's School of Numismatics.

Contest rules prohibit ANA staff, officers, members of the Board of Governors and their families from participating in the drawing. The contest is void where pro-

For more information or a membership application, contact the ANA Membership Department at 818 N. Cascade Avenue, Colorado Springs, CO 80903-3279; phone 719/632-2646; fax 719/634-4085; E-mail at membership@money.org; or visit the ANA web site at www. money.org.

Our next meetings are scheduled for TUESDAY, September 25, and TUESDAY, October 23, at 7:00 PM at the Library Services Center, 24th and Meridian Sts., Indianapolis (enter parking lot from 24th St.).

l	Officers:
i	President: Vinton Dove
	Vice President: Jim Luckey
	Secretary: Allen Dove
l	Treasurer: John Phillips
)	Sergeant-at-Arms: Jim Warden
l	Past President: Robert Ware
i	Editor/Webmaster: Gail Phillips

<u>Directors:</u>
Lawrence
Wisthoff
Donald Black
Michael Suit
Coz Raimondi
Jim Roehrdanz
-

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VISIT OUR WEBSITE AT: WWW.INDIANAPOLISCOINCLUB.ORG



## From Our **President**

The year 2001 has been very good to the Indianapolis Coin Club, so far. We had a successful coin show in March, an excellent Exhibitor's Night in July, many interesting speakers at our meetings, a fun summer social, and I think we have all had a lot of fun this year, so far. This does not happen automatically. Many of our members have put forth many hours of work to make this happen successfully. At this point in the year, I want to recognize just a few of the people who have contributed. As in every organization, a good secretary is necessary to have a good club. My thanks to Allen Dove for his hard work! He has told me that he would like for someone else to take the job in 2002. This is an official call from me to all of you, asking for someone to volunteer. I will not kid you, it is work. It requires several hours of work each month, preparation of a monthly report, and attendance at the meetings, since the Secretary must take the minutes. Thanks, Allen!

Again, I want to recognize our newsletter editor, Gail Phillips. We have an outstanding newsletter which printed and distributed to the members (on time, each month!) and is on the Internet, all thanks to Gail. It is a marvelous publication. Thanks, Gail!

John Phillips has done an excellent job as Treasurer. Like the Secretary and Newsletter Editor, it is a job which requires several hours each month, including a monthly report, and John has performed the job in a highly competent manner. Thanks John!

There are many others, but I will address their contributions in a later edition.

### **Treasurer's Report**

September 2001

INCOME	
Dues	\$10.00
<b>Total Income</b>	\$10.00
EXPENDITURES	



EXPENDITURES	
Newsletter	

\$ 18.14 State Quarter Kits 36.75 25.00 State Quarter Rolls 5/3 Bank CD 1250.00 Refreshments 36.04 \$1365.93 **Total Expenses** 

**Net Expenses** \$1355.93

Balance in Checking 9/1/01 - \$2598.26

Jim Roehrdanz gave a talk on the different grading services at our August meeting. I found it very interesting that the services would grade the same coin at different levels, but seemed consistent in their grading (on resubmissions). Thanks Jim!

Don't forget the following events:

Sept. 29, Putnam County Coin Club's Coin Show, Ramada Inn, Cloverdale, IN

Sept. 30, Logansport Coin Club's Coin Show, Holiday Inn, Logansport, IN

Oct. 14, 71st Street Show, (Second Sunday Show), 2100 E. 71st St., Indy

Nov. 2 & 3, (Fri. and Sat.) ISNA 43rd Annual Coin Show, Marriott Hotel, 7202 E. 21st Street, Indy

March 17, 2002, our own Indianapolis Coin Club's Coin Show, Ramada Inn, US 31 @ I-465, south side of Indy

And most of all, come to our meeting, **TUESDAY**, **Sept. 25**, at the Library Service Center, 24th and Meridian Streets, in Indy!!!!

Please save Nov. 2 & 3 for the ISNA (Indiana State Numismatic Association) show. The club will need members to volunteer their help to ISNA, as we have done in the past, as well as attending the show.

The club is a success because YOU, the members ATTEND the meetings and ENJOY the club and coin collecting. Let's keep up the good work!

-Vinton Dove



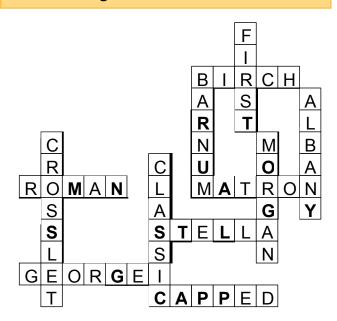
This month's puzzle involves five-letter words associated with coins in the Red Book. Do this puzzle, and win a nifty prize!

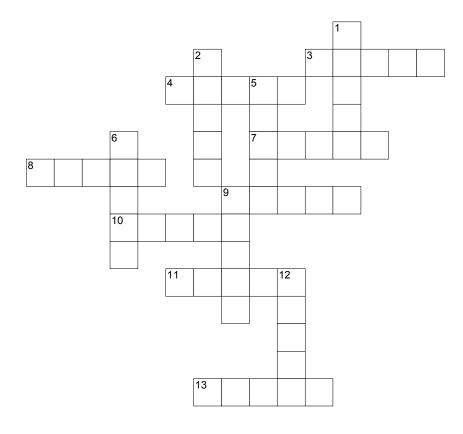
#### Coin World Trivia:

- 1. A coin bearing a CC Mint mark was struck at what U.S. Mint?
- 2. Who are depicted on the Huguenot-Walloon Tercentenary commemorative half dollar?
- 3. Of the current Mint facilities in operation, which is the newest?
- 4. How many stars does Miss Liberty face on the 1804 dollar?

(answers elsewhere in this issue)

## **August Puzzle Solution**





Constructed using Crossword Weaver

#### **ACROSS**

- 3 Nova Constellatio type
- 4 Alternate for use as coin
- 7 Bearded President born April 27, 1822
- 8 One type of a shiny collector's set
- 9 Early copper 'denarium'
- 10 Minter's mistake
- 11 Cincinnati center commemorative
- 13 Alternate word for 'planchet'

#### **DOWN**

- 1 Women's rights advocate first name
- 2 Farthing or halfpenny token by Lovelace, New \_\_\_
- 5 Feathered American icon
- 6 Fairly recent commemorative has this country's map depicted
- 9 English tradesman's token, Franklin \_\_\_\_
- 12 Fugio links

The crossword puzzle winner for July was Vinton Dove, (even though one of his answers was incorrect!) since he was the only entry. Give him some competition this month!

Thanks for participating!



## **German Colonial Notgeld**

by Michael Suit

German Notgeld is becoming a very hot collectible. It is reasonably easy to find, colorful and inexpensive. Recently there have been a few good reference works published that make valuing and cataloquing Notgeld, especially German Notgeld, much easier. As many of you know, I have been collecting Notgeld for many years. The largest portion of my collection is German *serienscheine*, or small change. These notes were primarily issued between 1918 and 1922. These were issued by towns and businesses to help address the lack of coinage during and immediately after World War I. Most of the notes were issued in series of 3 or 4 notes, but some notes were issued individually, and others in series of 10 or more notes. Popular methods of collecting these notes include topical (notes with animals, city scenes, or a related topic) and collecting from a particular city, state or region. I have taken on the task of trying to collect all the different examples of serienscheine that I can.

I would like to share with you the history behind some of my recent acquisitions. These include two series of notes issued in Neustadt that commemorate the overseas colonies of Germany. The first series dealt with the German colonies in Africa, and contains notes for Togo, Kamerun (Cameroon), and Deutsch Southwest Africa and is the topic of this article.

Togo was a German colony from 1884 till the end of World War I, at which point the western portion was administered by England as part of the Gold Coast under a League of Nations Mandate. In 1957 the Gold Coast became independent, as Ghana. Western Togo was included as part of the new state. The eastern portion was administered by France, under the same League of Nations Mandate (later United Nations Trusteeship) from 1918 to 1960 when it became independent, as the Republic of Togo.

Cameroon was a German protectorate from 1884 till World War I. During the war, Cameroon was invaded by the British and the French, and after the war was split between them under the same League of Nations mandate that split Togo. The British Cameroons consisted of the Northern and Southern Cameroons, which were separated by a 72-km (45-mi) strip along the Benue River. The northern territory, peopled by tribes of Sudanese origin, was administered as a part of Northern Nigeria. The

Southern Cameroons, peopled by a variety of tribes, was administered as part of the Nigerian federation but had a locally elected legislature. The French Cameroons was administered as a separate territorv. After World War II ended in 1945, the mandates were made trust territories of the United Nations (UN). In 1958, the French portion was granted self government, followed by full independence as a republic January 1960. The following year the UN sponsored a plebiscite in the British Cameroons. As a result, the Southern Cameroons joined the Republic of Cameroon to form the Federal Republic of Cameroon in October 1961, while the Northern Cameroons joined Nigeria.

German Southwest Africa was created in 1884. In 1915, during World War I, the German colony was conquered by military forces of the Union (now Republic) of South Africa. In 1920, the League of Nations granted South Africa mandate over the territory. In 1946, the United Nations (UN) General Assembly requested that South Africa submit a trusteeship agreement to the UN but South Africa refused to do so. In June 1971, the International Court of Justice ruled that the South African presence in Namibia (Southwest Africa) was illegal. South Africa, however, continued to govern the territory. In December 1988, South Africa allowed the territory to become independent as the Republic of Namibia.







Ed. Note: Thanks for pulling my fat out of the fire, Mike!



## Secretary's Report

The meeting was called to order by our president, Vinton Dove. Vinton urged everyone to turn in their crossword puzzle entries to our Newsletter Editor, Gail Phillips. Vinton announced that someone turned in a box containing archival material that he will go through soon. He announced that this is the last Monday meeting of the year. The rest of the meetings will be on the fourth Tuesday of the month. Jim Roehrdanz, an ICC Director, distributed some coins for the members to examine and grade for discussion during his presentation later in the meeting.

The Secretary's and Treasurer's reports were read.

Vice President, Jim Luckey, requested input from members as to what kind of topics or programs we would like for the monthly meetings. He also stated that the ICC needs to get together with CSNS and ISNA. The display that Jim and Dr. Gerth, submitted at the CSNS show in Dearborn, Michigan, took first place. Jim suggested that we each get a display together and exhibit it at the next show.

Junior members in attendance were greeted.

John Phillips, ICC Treasurer, discussed the date for the ICC coin show in March and said that the contracts had been signed for the banquet hall.

Vinton listed the dates for the next four coin shows.

After the break, Vinton discussed an auction in Terre Haute on September 16th. For more information, see Julian Jarvis.

This month's dealer showcase presenter was Charles Alber. He presented Canadian halves and dollars.

Vinton suggested going through your coin collection and making sure it is current and up-to-date. He also said that Julian has the Red Book in hard and soft back.

Vermont statehood quarters (P and D) were distributed by the junior members.

Gail Phillips, ICC Newsletter Editor, said that there were no correct entries in the crossword puzzle challenge.

Jim Roehrdanz was this month's featured presenter, and his topic was coin grading. He discussed the different grading services, ways of having coins graded, grading sheets and publications, ways to ship your coins, differences in graded coin holders, crossover grading, and opinions on which services are better. He also gave the results of the member -graded coins.

Vinton thanked the officer and directors for their great work. In particular he thanked the following - Jim Luckey for the Junior Program; Gail for continued excellence on the newsletter; John for his work as Treasurer in getting the financials in working order; and Cos Raimondi, ICC Director, for his work on the ICC Coin Show. He also reminded the members not to leave any food or trash in the meeting room.

Cos reminded everyone that when buying a coin, don't rely upon the grading service. Buy the coin, not the plastic holder.

### **The Variety Side**

by Jim Brown, Fort Wayne Coin Club Director (article from March 2000 issue of <u>The Chatter</u>)

The next two months in the Variety Side, I will be writing about varieties that are of the fraudulent nature. These are coins that have been intentionally altered with the intent to defraud someone. It is not illegal to alter a coin; it is only illegal when it is done with the intent to defraud. As most of us know, this happens far too often. The tips that I will be giving in these next two articles are by no means exhaustive, but if they will help just one person to not buy an altered coin, it will be worth my while.

Grading services report that the most often encountered altered coin at shows presently is the 1916 D Mercury dime. The U.S. coin that has the highest number of alterations is the Lincoln Cent. The 1916 D Mercury dime, in a decent condition, has long been recognized as one that will cost about an average worker's weekly wage. It has long been looked at as the key to the set. As such, it has certainly attracted the attention of counterfeiters. Sometimes they take a D off a common date Mercury and put it on a 1916 Philadelphia issue. Sometimes they take a 1916 S dime and tool the "S" mintmark. Sometimes they take a 1916 obverse, and mate it with a common date Denver mint re-

continued on page 7



## The Buffalo Returns

What could be more American than a buffalo and a Native American from the Old West? These icons have graced our nickels from 1913 until 1939, when they were replaced with the images of Thomas Jefferson and his home, Monticello.

Why is that news? Be-

cause those original images, designed by James Earle Fraser, appeared again on June 7, this time on a commemorative silver dollar.

And here's some more news. The American buffalo (actually a bison) was nearly extinct, but thanks to government protection, herds are once more beginning to flourish in the western United States. So the buffalo is returning in more ways than one.

The American Buffalo Commemorative Coin program includes a "proof" version and an "uncirculated" version.



This month's contest:
Bring the weirdest coin you have with you to the meeting!
Win a prize!

#### OLD AND NEW · A RECYCLED DESIGN

М	0	Т	I	R	R	В	R	D	Q	R	G	В
R	V	С	L	N	L	D	М	Α	Х	J	I	М
Т	Е	D	R	N	D	G	0	Р	L	S	V	Z
Н	R	0	J	С	J	I	V	V	0	L	0	R
R	D	U	С	Т	D	K	Α	N	Е	L	О	N
Е	Α	В	F	М	N	Р	L	N	Α	R	Т	D
Е	Т	L	K	Υ	U	Χ	V	F	Н	R	S	V
L	Е	Е	С	D	0	Q	F	V	С	Е	R	Q
Е	F	D	Т	W	М	U	L	G	М	L	Α	Т
G	R	D	М	Q	В	Χ	N	R	Т	М	Н	D
G	Ν	I	С	K	Е	L	D	Χ	Т	С	Т	Χ
Е	R	Е	S	Α	R	F	Е	S	Е	М	Α	J
D	D	N	0	М	Α	I	D	K	С	Α	L	В

BISON
BLACK DIAMOND
BUFFALO
DOLLAR
DOUBLED DIE
D OVER S
INDIAN HEAD
JAMES E FRASER
MOUND
NICKEL
OVER DATE
THREE LEGGED

## Contest 2:

Write a 50-word or less paragraph about Sacagawea and/or the golden dollar. Win a prize!

#### continued from page 5

terfeiters.

grading are fake.

hammer and punch. Because of small D punch was used.

verse after they have cut the two this, all four of the reverse dies are Another alteration I want to mencoins in half. There have even different. Die #1 has the Mint mark been some struck counterfeits up high, very near the leaf. On Die made by the more skillful coun- #2, the Mint mark is a repunched D over D North. It is about medium One of the three major grading  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left($ services says that about 75% of repunched Mint mark, lower, farther all 1916 D Mercury dimes sub- from the leaf. Die #4 is the lowest mitted for authentication and of the four dies, farthest from the

There were 264,000 1916 D In 1916, only the small D punch was dimes made in Denver. Four dif- used. This Mint mark is distinctive. ferent reverse dies were used. The top and bottom notches stick The D Mint mark was punched out and must be parallel to one aninto the dies by hand, using a other. In 1917, both the large and

tion is the 1932 D Washington quarter. The genuine Mint marks on these will usually have the appearance that they are sitting in a hole, or that they are smeared or have machine doubling. If the Mint mark is clear and crisp, or has the appearance that it has been typed on with a typewriter, beware! Also, watch for added D Mint marks on high grade 1936 D Washingtons.

One last tip this month - beware of fake clips on the new Statehood Quarters and the Sacagawea Dollars!

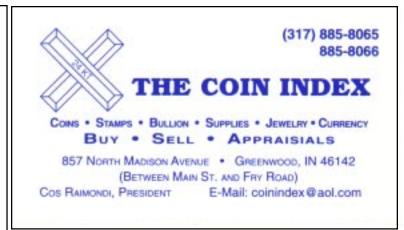
Philadelphia Mint (opened in 1969) 4. Six Coin World Trivia Answers: 1. Carson City Mint (Nevada) 2. Admiral Coligny and William the Silent 3. The

#### Marcus A Turner

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This month's educational program will be presented by Dr. Robert Gerth, who will be talking about "Coin Production Before the Mint Act of 1792". Don't miss it!

**Upcoming Shows** 

Putnam County Coin Club Coin Show Saturday, September 29, 9 AM - 5 PM Ramada Inn I-70 & Hwy 231 Cloverdale

Logansport Coin Club Coin Show Sunday September 30, 10 AM - 4 PM Holiday Inn at US 24 E Free Admission